



WEBINAR: SEEKING WATER, ENERGY, AGRICULTURE & AIR TECHNOLOGIES IN SOUTHEAST ASIA



17 May 2018

ABOUT US

In 2010, Kopernik was established to challenge the status quo in the development sector and to find smarter, more effective solutions to address poverty.

Co-Founders:

- Ewa Wojkowska
- Toshi Nakamura







OUR K-TEAM

Staff:

70-80

+ volunteers, fellows, interns

Offices:

- Bali, Indonesia HQ
- 6 x Indonesian offices
- Tokyo, Japan

Four legal entities:







OUR THREE CORE AREAS OF WORK



1: LAST MILE DISTRIBUTION

2: EXPERIMENTATION OF PROMISING SOLUTIONS

1: TECH DISTRIBUTION THROUGH WOMEN

~ Wonder Women ~

2A: LEAN EXPERIMENTATION

~ Solutions Lab ~

2B: EXPERIMENTATION WITH CLIENTS

~ Last Mile Consulting ~









PARTNERS & CLIENTS OF KOPERNIK'S LAST MILE CONSULTING



PRIVATE SECTOR PARTNERS













Supported **Unilever** to test their early stage health products through various distribution channels¹

Supported **Philips** in distributing its solar products to rural Indonesia

Conducted awareness raising and marketing support for **Panasonic** in rural Indonesia

Supported **Mitsubishi Electric** in market
research and tested
early prototype of offgrid fridge

Conducted testing of mobile app that empowers tuberculosis patients for **Otsuka Pharmaceutical**²

Supported **NHK Educational** in adapting educational materials to Indonesia and develop business opportunities³

RESEARCH PARTNERS





Supported **ACIAR** in testing digital data collection apps to be used in ACIAR's projects

As part of a randomized control trial (RCT), implemented a seasonal migration intervention for **J-PAL**⁴

PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERS



Researched technological needs in Indonesia and Cambodia as part of WIPO Green's Asia Pacific outreach



Designed innovation lab for **UNICEF Indonesia** based on Kopernik's experiences



Provided technical assistance to **DFAT** in designing its Innovation Fund

- 1. http://kopernik.info/update/kopernik-partners-with-unilever-to-combat-malaria-and-dengue-in-myanma
- 2. https://kopernik.info/update/kopernik-partners-with-otsuka-pharmaceutical-and-jica-to-assist-tb-patients-in-indonesia-with
- 3. https://kopernik.info/update/kopernik-partners-with-jica-and-ned-on-a-two-year-education-initiative
- 4. https://kopernik.info/update/j-pal-sea-evidence-action-and-kopernik-team-up-to-research-lean-season-solutions-in-eastern

TECHNOLOGY NEED OVERVIEW

The technology need identification was conducted in 2 countries comprising of over 16 companies and over 24 needs across the 4 sectors: water, energy, agriculture and air.





Common issues

- Water: limited access to piped water, high prevalence of untreated wastewater, limited access to basic sanitation are the top issues among others
- Energy: limited access to off-grid electricity, inefficient industrial energy consumption are the top issues among others
- Agriculture: post-harvest losses due to inefficient farming and limited access for smallholder farmers to reach the market are the most common issues
- Air: The dominant automobile industry contributes to the poor air quality in Indonesia aside from the seasonal forest fires

- Water: Limited access to clean water and basic sanitation as well as high arsenic content in water resources are top issues among others
- Energy: High electricity prices and limited access to off-grid electricity are the top energy issues in Cambodia.
- Agriculture: Underdeveloped supply chain management and infrastructure remain the obstacles in Cambodia agroindustry
- Air: Rapid increase in the automobile market and reliance on solid fuels in the rural areas are challenges related to air quality

Technology needs

- **6 water needs**, ranging from water treatment to water production technologies
- 8 agriculture needs, ranging from harvest to post-harvest technologies
- **5 water needs** ranging from water treatment, water production to wastewater treatment
- 3 energy needs ranging from energy production to energy distribution
- 1 agriculture need in pre-harvest
- 1 air need for air quality sensor in urban Phnom Penh



TECHNOLOGY SEEKING ORGANIZATIONS





Water











ENTREPRENEURS

du Monde





Energy





BUMDES WARMARE BUMDES PRAFI

WIKIKOPI





Agriculture













PRESENT FOR THE MATCHMAKING EVENT AT ACEF





Water















Energy





Agriculture





BUMDES WARMARE **BUMDES PRAFI**











PRESENT FOR THE WEBINAR





Water







Z ZALMON FABRIC







Energy





Agriculture





BUMDES WARMARE BUMDES PRAFI

WIKIKOPI













Energy



















WATER STORAGE



WASTEWATER TREATMENT



Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
greenschool Bali, Indonesia	Water	Bali	Green School is in need of a dew water harvesting technology for its educational material, with scale up possibility to assist areas with recurring water shortages or droughts in Bali.	Dew water harvesting machine
LEMBAGA BUILDING	Water	Sumba	There is a clean water crisis in Sumba with over 600 thousand population, especially in low-land and coastal areas, whereby people walk as far as 5km to get water from a spring or river.	Water desalination system
■ Water ■ SHED	Water	Cambodia- wide	Solar water pumps for domestic and municipal uses are needed in areas with recurring water shortages and droughts.	Solar water pumps



Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
SEDEKAH AIR	Water	West Java	Ground water is limited in hilly areas of West Java, thus river becomes the main source of water.	Water filtration system for rivers and/or lakes and solar water pump
RUMBIA	Water	Aceh	Along with the high electricity cost, power outages often occur, which limit the usage of conventional electric water pumps	Solar water pump, ram pump
CU. Citra Hidup Tribuana	Water	East Nusa Tenggara	Local residents in Alor, East Nusa Tenggara still use rainwater harvesting practice to collect long-term water supply. During dry season, water is not treated nor stored well and left in the molding basin.	Rainwater treatment technology for large amount (Up to 5,000L/household) to convert stored rainwater into clean and safe drinkable water



Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
Teuk Saat 1001	Water	Cambodia- wide	There is no remote water quality monitoring device for Teuk Saat 1001's water treatment kiosks in Cambodia. The organization seeks to connect their water filter devices on site with GPRS signal.	Remote water quality monitoring device for water kiosks
Wetlands Work!	Water	Cambodia- wide	The challenge is that there has not been any solution for domestic wastewater system in challenging environments that is affordable for Cambodians (<\$100). Thus, Wetlands Work is seeking technology provider(s) who could supply a domestic wastewater system for flooded and floating households to Cambodia.	Wastewater treatment technologies
Water SHED	Water	Cambodia- wide	There has not been any solution for domestic wastewater system that is affordable for Cambodians, preferably below USD 100	Wastewater treatment technologies



Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
■ Water ■ SHED	Water	Cambodia- wide	There is no centralized fecal sludge treatment in place that could manage Cambodia's WASH system	Fecal sludge treatment system
Z ZALMON FABRIC	Water	Bandung	During fabric processing, a lot of water is used especially in the printing phase, circa 1 liter/per 2.5meters of fabric. Thus, Zalmon seeks for a technology that could use less water for its manufacturing process.	Water-efficient fabric processing machine











ENERGY PRODUCTION

ENERGY DISTRIBUTION

ENERGY STORAGE

SUPPORTING SYSTEM



ENERGY

Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
ENTREPRENEURS du Monde	Energy	Phnom Penh, Takeo Province	There are limited affordable solar lighting kit technologies in Cambodia, especially in rural areas. EDM is seeking for a solar lighting kit cheaper than USD 90, with specs that include an equivalent of solar panel, battery Li, 3 lamps (switch and light modes), phone charger and ~25m wires.	Domestic solar lighting kit
⇔okra	Energy	Phnom Penh, Takeo Province	Limited supply chain of reliable, cost-effective DC appliances for off-grid solar power in Cambodia and Southeast Asia. DC based water pumps, rice post-harvest processing machines (drying, hulling, polishing), refrigeration, and insect incubation technologies	DC appliances for off-grid solar power
⇔okra	Energy	Phnom Penh, Takeo Province	Existing 2G towers are being replaced by 3G & 4G towers. Thus, Okra needs new hardware + communication infrastructure (e.g. chip + software) for Pay-As-You-Go (PAYG) devices to communicate and be controlled by system owners.	•















HARVEST



POST-HARVEST



AGRICULTURE

Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
Bali Sri Organik	Agriculture	Bali	BSO finds it challenging to harvest their rice crops in different land shapes and terrains. Current machines are either small in productivity and stationary or too large and inflexible to maneuver (tractor). Both consume solid fuel heavily.	Solar-powered rice harvesting technology that could harvest crops in varying land shapes and terrains.
Bali Sri Organik	Agriculture	Bali	BSO has been using an old diesel powered vertical drying machine with capacity of 8ton/day. This machine has proven to be high in fuel consumption and lack in variety of crops to be dried (rice and corn only)	Solar dryer for post- harvest processes are needed to replace the fuel-based vertical drying machine
WIKIKOPI	Agriculture	Yogyakarta, Bali, Papua	Post-harvest process of drying coffee in Indonesia in general is still being done traditionally through direct sun-drying. In rainy season, farmers still use plastic sheets to protect the coffee beans.	Solar dryer



AGRICULTURE

Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
IDEP	Agriculture	Bali, East Nusa Tenggara	Local farmers need technology remove husk / peel sorghum. Given the constant power outages where farmers operate, husk removing machines that can operate off-grid are preferred.	Solar-powered sorghum husk removing machine
IDEP	Agriculture	Bali, East Nusa Tenggara	Many farmers need technology to shred coconuts that can still be operated in off-grid areas taking into account regular power outages. Shredding machines that can operate off-grid are preferred.	Solar-powered coconut shredding machine
OFFICE PROPERTY.	Agriculture	Rural Cambodia	Livestock farmers in rural Cambodia find it challenging to incubate egg naturally given the varied farm conditions in rural Cambodia, resulting in chicken that are hatched with deformities	Solar-powered egg incubators



AGRICULTURE

Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
RUMBIA	Agriculture	Aceh	Harvested coffee beans are still processed using manual sun-drying methods. Given Central Aceh's high rainfall intensity and humidity, moisture level can become fairly high.	Solar dryer with automatic thermal control system
BUMDES PRAFI	Agriculture	Papua	Unused residues from rice that local farmers cultivate, could be used for livestock feed. Currently, no machines are available to recycle animal waste into biogas	Biodigester and green composting technology/
BUMDES WARMARE	Agriculture	Papua	There is no post-harvest technology for idle palm plantation in Warmare District	Post-harvest technology for palm plantation











Air

AIR QUALITY SENSOR



AIR FILTRATION



AIR

Organization	Sector	Area	Needs Overview	Potential Technology Solution
OF CHAPTER OF THE PROPERTY OF	Agriculture	7 Provinces in Cambodia	People in Need seeks to test the quality of air in urban areas, starting from Phnom Penh. While there are a lot of open spaces near the river, rapid construction activities, vehicle emissions and road dust are resulting in poor air quality	Air quality sensor



MATCHMAKING EVENT

The clean technology matchmaking event will be held at the first day of Asia Clean Energy Forum (ACEF), **4**th **June 2018**. The forum will bring together stakeholders in clean energy sector to identify, discuss and address key clean energy challenges in Asia.



Organizer(s)	Asian Development Bank (ADB), the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), the Korea Energy Agency (KEA), and the Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI)
Thematic Tracks	Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy, Energy Access, Navigating the Future
Attendees	Over 1,400 attendees from 71 countries across Asia, from private sector, government, academia, and civil society

